

Implementation of Improvements to the Allocation Routine for Health Insurance Coverage in the CPS ASEC

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- http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlt hins.html



Outline

- Context
- Background
- Improvements to the allocation routine
- Historical trends from 1988 to 2011



Importance of Estimates

Surveillance

 Trends and correlates in coverage: Private coverage decreasing as public coverage increases

Policy Analysis

- 1990: Medicaid expansions
- 1997: Children's Health Insurance Coverage (CHIP)
- 2010: US Health Reform, Affordable Care Act (ACA)



Data Needs

- Accurate estimates for a given year
- Consistent estimates over time
- Ability to study estimates by characteristics (i.e. age) and for individual states



Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement (CPS ASEC)

- CPS provides over 20 years of health insurance coverage estimates
- CPS is a monthly labor force survey
- ASEC fielded in February to April
 - Additional questions on work, income, migration, and health insurance coverage



Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement (CPS ASEC) (2)

- Health insurance coverage questions ask about coverage in the previous calendar year
 - For example, the 2011 ASEC asks about coverage during 2010
- All years in this presentation refer to the survey year, the year of the ASEC



Improvements to Health Insurance

- Census Bureau dedicated to improving the quality of the health insurance estimates
 - 2000: Verification question
 - 2001: Separate CHIP question added
 - 2002: Sample expansion
 - 2005-2006: Correction to the assignment of private coverage (1997-2004: approximation)
 - 2010: Assign Medicaid to uninsured foster children
 - 2010: Addition of premium costs and medical out-ofpocket information
 - 2011: Improvements to missing data allocation

Background of Allocation

- Approximately 10% of monthly CPS sample does not respond to ASEC
 - All data for these cases are imputed
 - Full Supplement Imputations (FSI)
- Additionally, 2-3% of respondents are missing data on health insurance items



Allocation Method

- Hot deck randomly draws values for missing cases (recipients) from similar non-missing records (donors)
- Donors are organized into matrices consisting of variables that define "similar"
 - For example age, marital status, work status
- Assumes missing is random within cells
 - Maintains correlations within complete data



Background of Inconsistencies

- Davern et al. (2007) discovered inconsistencies in the hot deck specification
 - Instrument allows any household member to be a private plan dependent
 - Allocation routine assigned dependent coverage only to nuclear family members of a policy holder
 - Did not consider other coverage the respondent may have had



Improvements to the Allocation Routine

- Switch order with public coverage allocated first, followed by private coverage
- Include public coverage in the private coverage matrix
- Remove nuclear family restriction
- Also, discovered and corrected a coding error that undercounted imputed direct purchase coverage for children



Results – 2009 Research File

Uninsured Estimates by Age and Imputation Routine

	Old Routine		New Routine	
	Percent	Count	Percent	Count
All Ages	15.4	46,340	14.9	44,832
0 to 18	10.3	8,076	9.9	7,820
19 to 64	20.3	37,617	19.7	36,386
65+	1.7	646	1.7	627

Source: 2009 CPS ASEC Research File; analysis conducted by SHADAC



Detailed Results

 Available in "Modifications to the Imputation Routine for Health Insurance in the CPS ASEC: Description and Evaluation," Boudreaux and Turner, 2011, at http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/dat a/revhlth/SHADAC.pdf



Implementation

- Improvements and coding correction implemented with the 2011 ASEC
- Improvements and coding correction applied to the 2000-2010 ASEC's
 - Supplants previous revised series



Historical Modifications

- Census Bureau dedicated to improving the quality of the health insurance estimates
 - 2000: Verification question
 - 2001: Separate CHIP question added
 - 2002: Sample expansion
 - 2005-2006: Correction to the assignment of private coverage (1997-2004: approximation)
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Comparisons Over Time by Data Series

Revised

New allocation routine and all prior modifications

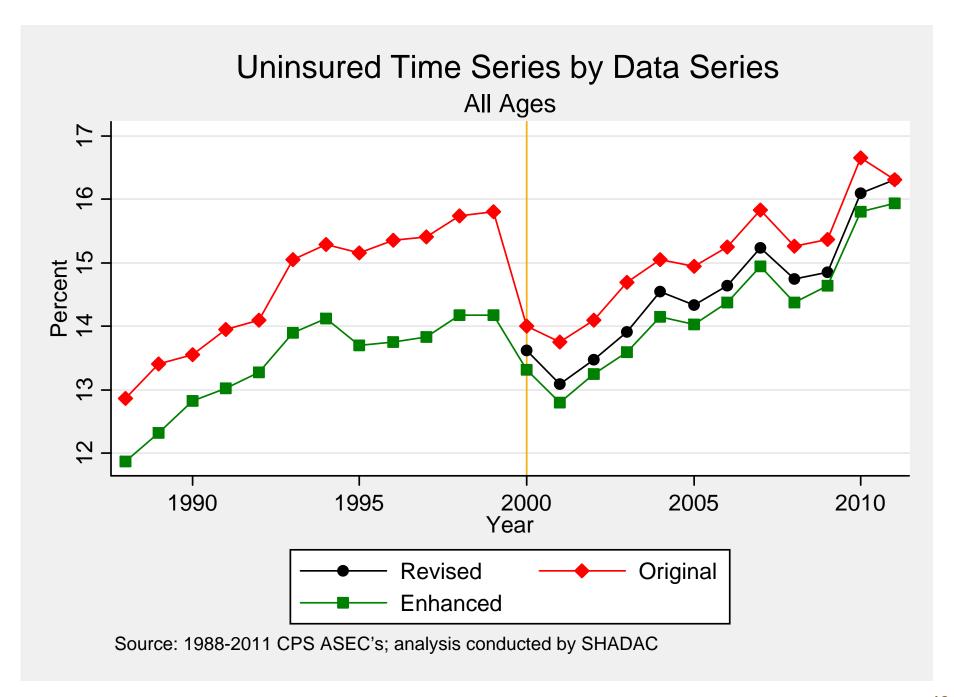
Original

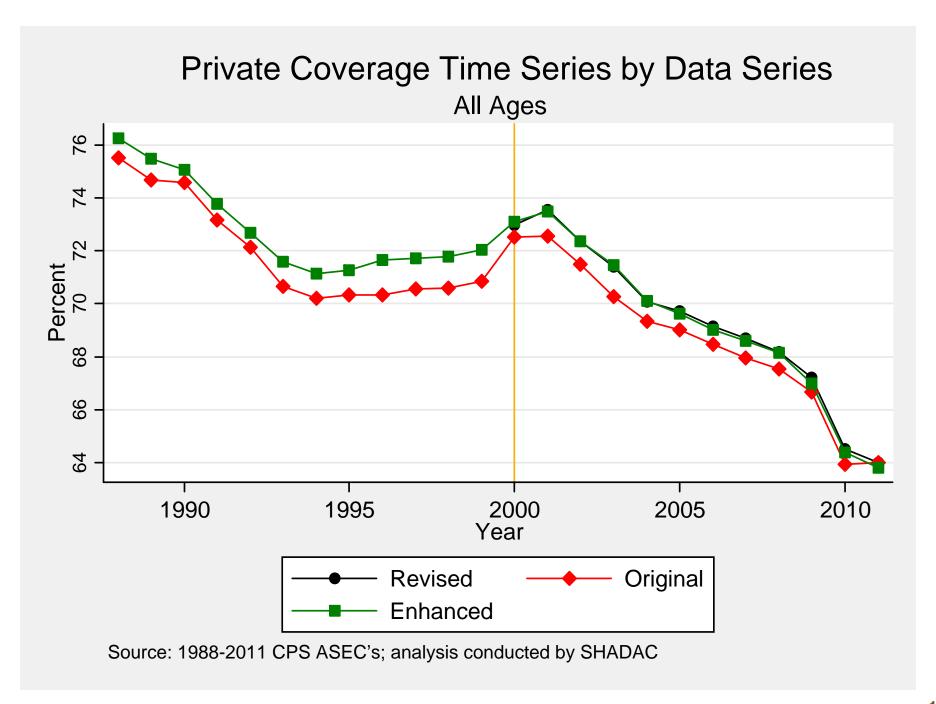
Old allocation routine with 1997-2004 approximation

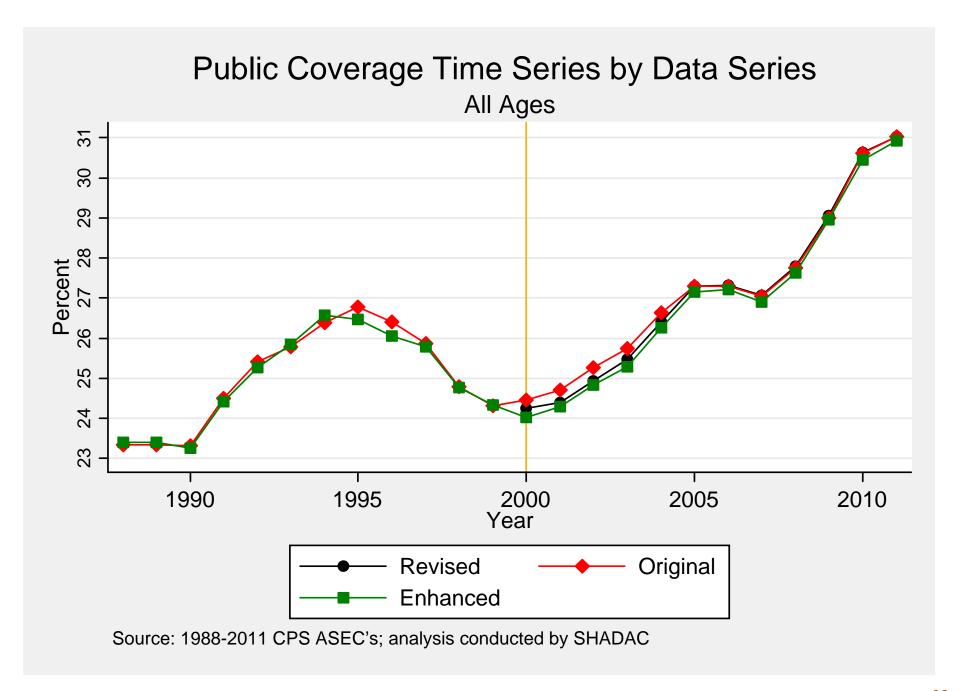
SHADAC-Enhanced

- Developed by SHADAC to harmonize the data over time
- Removes full supplement imputations and re-weights
- Revised to include the new allocation routine









Conclusions

- The new allocation routine improves the quality of the CPS ASEC health insurance coverage estimates
- The data revisions create a consistent time series for 2000+ which is important for surveillance and policy analysis
- SHADAC-Enhanced recommended for pre-2000 analysis for a consistent time series





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