

Measuring Transitions, Spells of Uninsurance, and Churning in the Redesigned CPS

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 - Michel Boudreaux, Kathleen Call & Joanna Turner (SHADAC)



- Policy relevance
- Compare surveys that measure duration
- Compare estimates from other surveys
- Method for testing face validity
- Results of face validity test
- Discussion



Purpose of this presentation

To compare the redesigned Current Population Survey to other federal surveys that are currently used to measure duration and to check the face validity of duration of coverage estimates in the Survey of Health **Insurance and Program Participation**



Why does data on duration of coverage matter?

- Length of uninsurance and health care access are inversely related
- Gaps in coverage and changes in coverage can affect continuity of care
- After implementation of federal health care reform, changes in coverage between Medicaid and health insurance exchanges could affect administrative costs and continuity of care
- Different policies are needed to address longterm and short-term uninsurance



Comparing to Federal Surveys That Measure Duration



Primary Focus and Survey Administrator

	Redesigned CPS	SIPP	MEPS/HC	NHIS
Primary Focus	Labor Force Participation and Unemployment	Income and Program Participation	Health Care Access, Utilization and Cost	Population Health
Survey Adminis- trator	U.S. Census Bureau	U.S. Census Bureau	Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality	Center for Disease Control and Prevention



Sample Size and Geography Available

	Redesigned CPS	SIPP	MEPS/HC	NHIS
Approximate Sample Size	200,000	90,000	37,000	90,000
State Representative	Yes	No	No	No
Level of Geography Available in Public Use File	National, state and some substate	National and state	National and census region	National and census region



Recall and Length

	Redesigned CPS	SIPP	MEPS/HC	NHIS
Recall Period	14-16 months	4 months current but 12 months in 2014	5-6 months	12 months
Longitudinal	inal Longitudinal component but most analysis cross-sectional		yes	no
Maximum length of duration measured	length of duration 16 months		2 years	12 months

9

Available Measures

	Redesigned CPS	SIPP	MEPS/HC	NHIS
Uninsured all year	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Uninsured anytime in year	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Monthly coverage	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Number and duration of spells	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Churning on and off same plan type	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Transitions from one plan type to another	Yes	Yes	Yes	No



Estimates of Duration: Ratios

Ratios of All-Year Uninsured to Anytime-in-Year Coverage

	Unin	Uninsured All-Year			Uninsured Anytime- in-Year			Ratio		
Data Year	SIPP	MEPS	NHIS	SIPP	MEPS	NHIS	SIPP	MEPS	NHIS	
1998	9%	13%	11%	25%	25%	21%	37%	53%	53%	
1999		12%	11%		25%	20%		49%	51%	
2001	7%		11%	24%		20%	28%		52%	
2003		14%	11%		25%	21%		54%	54%	
2009	10%		12%	30%		22%	33%		56%	

Sources: 2005 ASPE Issue Brief, 2003 CBO Report, 2009 Annual NHIS Report and 2008 SIPP panel as analyzed by SHADAC. --Estimates not available



Estimates of Duration: Partials

Duration of Coverage in Federal Surveys, Nonelderly

	Cov	ered All-Y	'ear	Unin	sured All	-Year	Unins	ured Part Year	-of-the-		Totals	
Data Year	SIPP	MEPS	NHIS	SIPP	MEPS	NHIS	SIPP	MEPS	NHIS	SIPP	MEPS	NHIS
1998	76%	75%	79%	9%	13%	11%	15%	12%	10%	100%	100%	100%
1999		75%	80%		12%	11%		13%	10%		100%	100%
2001	76%		80%	7%		11%	17%		10%	100%		100%
2003		75%	79%		14%	11%		12%	10%		100%	100%
2009	70%		78%	10%		12%	20%		10%	100%		100%

Sources: 2005 ASPE Issue Brief, 2003 CBO Report and 2009 Annual NHIS Report and 2008 SIPP panel as analyzed by SHADAC

--Estimate not available



Methods

- Weighted results from the experimental component of the RDD (Landline) SHIPP to the following SIPP control totals
 - Race/Ethnicity
 - Age by Education
 - Household Size
 - Sex
- Compared estimates between the RDD (Landline) SHIPP and the SIPP
 - Ratio of uninsured all-year to uninsured anytime-in-year
 - Compared estimates of uninsured part-of-year



RESULTS



Estimates of Duration: Ratios

Ratios of All-Year compared to Any-Time in Year Coverage, Nonelderly 2009

	weighted		unweighted		
	SIPP	SHIPP	SIPP	SHIPP	
Uninsured All-Year/Uninsured Anytime-in-Year	33%	78%	32%	75%	
Public Coverage All-Year/Public Coverage Anytime-in-Year	43%	82%	44%	81%	
Private Coverage All-Year/Public Coverage Anytime-in-Year	80%	96%	80%	96%	

Source: 2008 SIPP panel and 2010 SHIPP Survey



15

Estimates of Duration: Uninsured Partials

Duration of Coverage, Nonelderly 2009

	weig	hted	unweighted		
	SIPP	SHIPP	SIPP	SHIPP	
Covered All-Year	70%	81%	70%	84%	
Uninsured All-Year	10%	15%	10%	12%	
Uninsured Part-of-Year	20%	4%	20%	4%	
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	

Sources:2008 SIPP panel and 2010 SHIPP survey



16

Estimates of Duration: Private Coverage Partials

Duration of Coverage, Nonelderly 2009

	weig	hted	unweighted	
	SIPP	SHIPP	SIPP	SHIPP
No Private Coverage	26%	26%	27%	21%
Private Coverage All-Year	59%	71%	58%	76%
Private Coverage Part-Year	15%	3%	15%	3%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Sources: 2008 SIPP panel and 2010 SHIPP survey



Estimates of Duration: Public Coverage Partials

Duration of Coverage, Nonelderly 2009

	weighted		unweighted	
	SIPP	SHIPP	SIPP	SHIPP
No Public Coverage	77%	86%	76%	88%
Public Insurance All-Year	10%	12%	11%	10%
Public Insurance Part-Year	13%	3%	13%	2%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Source: 2008 SIPP panel and 2010 SHIPP survey



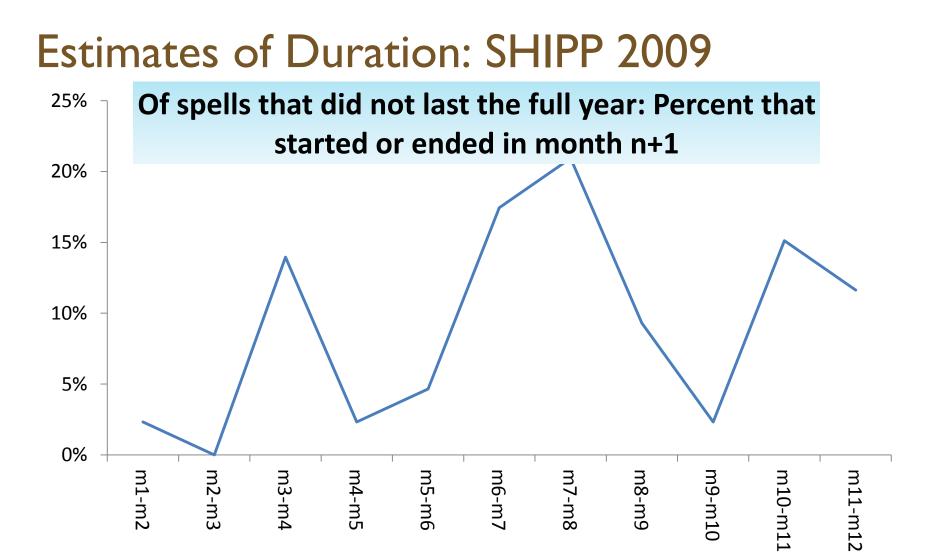
Estimates of Duration: SHIPP

Duration of Coverage in SHIPP, 2009 vs 15-17 Months

		Jan-Dec 2009	Jan 09 thru Spr 10	Diff
Insured	All months	84.3	83.3	-1.0
	No months	11.8	10.1	-1.7
	Some months	3.9	6.4	2.5
Public	All months	9.8	9.3	-0.5
	No months	87.8	86.5	-1.3
	Some months	2.4	4.0	1.6
Private	All months	76	75	1.0
	No months	21.1	19.8	1.3
	Some months	2.9	5.1	2.2

Source: SHIPP 2010





Source: 2010 SHIPP survey



20

Limitations

- Coverage bias
 - Cell phone only households are not included in the SHIPP sample and characteristics of cell phone only households are different than landline households
 - Weighting should help reduce some of the bias but some variables such as homeownership that are correlated with telephone usage are not included in the SHIPP
- Relatively small sample size (2,370)
- There is no gold standard for duration of coverage estimates



Discussion

- Duration of coverage estimates would be useful to states particularly with the advent of federal health reform.
- Prevalence of transitions in coverage is lower than expected (4% as compared to 10-20% uninsured part-year in other surveys).
- One possible reason is that weighting was not very effective in adjusting for coverage bias due to the exclusion of cell-only households

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